Student Activities

Lesson Ten Saving And Investing



name:	date:



setting your financial goals

Short-range goal (within 1 month) Estimated Cost \$ _____ Target Date \$ _____ Monthly Amount \$ _____ Medium-range goal (2-12 months) Estimated Cost \$ Target Date \$ _____ Monthly Amount \$ _____ Long-range goal (more than 1 year) Estimated Cost \$ _____ Target Date \$ _____

Monthly Amount \$ _____

direction Calculate	ons te the interest earned in the exar	calculating interest
	te the interest carned in the exar	nples below.
1. You put \$200 in will you earn in fiv		simple interest each year. How much interest
x	x	=
	t Rate x Number of Years = Int	
What will the tota	al value of your account be?	
2. You put \$150 in you earn in three y	years?	o compounded yearly. How much interest will
	`	
)x	
(Deposit + Earned	d Interest) x Interest Rate = In	terest Earned
(Deposit + Earned (+	d Interest) x Interest Rate = In	terest Earned =
(Deposit + Earned (+ (Deposit + Earned	d Interest) x Interest Rate = In) x d Interest) x Interest Rate = In	terest Earned = terest Earned
(Deposit + Earned (+ (Deposit + Earned (+	d Interest) x Interest Rate = In) x d Interest) x Interest Rate = In	terest Earned = terest Earned =

name: ______ date: _____



savings choices



directions

In the space provided, write the letter of the savings account or savings method the statement represents. You may use a letter more than once.

	A combination of a checking and savings account. Interest rates vary with the size of the balance.
	Combines the benefits of a checking and savings account. Interest is paid each month on unused money in the account.
3	Interest rates are usually the same as passbook account.
4	Bank pays a fixed amount of interest, on a fixed amount of money, for a fixed amount of time.
5	Interest rate is usually lower than passbook or statement accounts.
6	Penalty is usually charged if money is withdrawn before expiration date.
7	A booklet must be presented for every deposit or withdrawal.
8	The account holder can only write a limited number of checks each month.
A. Passb	ook account
B. Stater	ment account
C. Intere	est-earning checking
D. Certi	ficate of Deposit
E. Mone	ey-market account



lesson 10 quiz: saving your money

choose the correct answer.

1. —— "Paying yourself first" refers to:

- a. saving money on a regular basis.
- b. buying what you want when you get paid.
- c. putting money in a checking account to pay bills.
- d. putting your whole paycheck into savings immediately.

2. — Which of these are not factors to consider when choosing a savings account?

- a. interest rates
- b. fees, charges, and penalties
- c. balance requirements
- d. passbook prices

3. ____ The lowest interest rate is usually earned on a:

- a. money-market account.
- b. passbook account.
- c. certificate of deposit.
- d. checking account.

4. — The highest interest rate is usually earned on a:

- a. money-market account.
- b. passbook account.
- c. certificate of deposit.
- d. checking account.

5. — An advantage of putting savings in a Certificate of Deposit (CD) is that:

- a. there is no access to the money during a set period of time.
- b. it is risk-free.
- c. it is very risky but pays high interest.
- d. it has a penalty to withdraw money early.



lesson 10 quiz: investing your money

choose the correct answer.

- 1. How many years would it take money earning 6 percent interest to double? Use the rule of 72.
 - a. 6 years
 - b. 8 years
 - c. 9 years
 - d. 12 years
- 2. The amount of money received from an investment is called:
 - a. a portfolio.
 - b. the return.
 - c. an individual retirement account.
 - d. all of the above.
- 3. ____ Which of these pays investors a fixed interest rate for a fixed period of time?
 - a. Stocks
 - b. Bonds
 - c. Mutual funds
 - d. IRAs
- 4. Which of these allows an investor to own a part of a company?
 - a. Stocks
 - b. Bonds
 - c. Mutual funds
 - d. IRAs
- 5. Professionally-managed portfolios made up of a variety of investments are called:
 - a. Stocks.
 - b. Bonds.
 - c. Mutual funds.
 - d. IRAs.